DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

Avoyelles Parish, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2010

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Charles A. Riddle, III District Attorney of the Twelfth Judicial District Avoyelles Parish, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District Attorney of the Twelfth Judicial District, Avoyelles Parish, Louisiana, a component unit of the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the District Attorney's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District Attorney. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District Attorney of the Twelfth Judicial District, Avoyelles Parish, Louisiana, as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued a report dated June 24, 2011, on our consideration of the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

^{*} A Professional Accounting Corporation

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 26 through 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical content. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with significant evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The District Attorney of the Twelfth Judicial District has not presented management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Marksville, Louisiana June 24, 2011

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2010

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Current assets: Cash and interest-bearing deposits Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units Total current assets	\$ 99,390 22,262 26,733 148,385
Noncurrent assets: Land Capital assets, net Total noncurrent assets	76,500 616,512 693,012
Total assets	841,397
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities: Accounts and other payables NET ASSETS	48,498
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted Total net assets	693,012 99,887 \$ 792,899

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

		Prograi	n Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenues and
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government	\$1,700,076	\$ 870,039	\$ 805,805	(24,232)
	General reven Indian gamin			46,586
	Chang	e in net assets		51,414
	Net assets - Ja	nuary 1, 2010		741,485
	Net assets - D	ecember 31, 201	10	\$ 792,899

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Title IV-D Fund

Monies received in this fund consist of incentive payments from the Louisiana Department of Health and Human Resources. The costs of enforcing child support obligations are accounted for in this fund.

Worthless Check Collection Fee Fund

Monies received in this fund consist of fees collected in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 16:15, which provides for a specific fee whenever the District Attorney's office collects and processes a worthless check. Expenditures from this fund are at the sole discretion of the District Attorney and may be used to defray the salaries and expenses of the office of the District Attorney, but may not be used to supplement the salary of the District Attorney.

Fiduciary Fund

Asset Forfeiture Fund

The Asset Forfeiture Fund is used to account for assets that the District Attorney holds for others in an agency capacity.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2010

	General	Title IV-D	Worthless Check	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units: Avoyelles Parish Police Jury State of Louisiana Due from other funds Total assets	\$ 73,022 1,559 20,703 - 24,322 \$119,606	\$ - 26,733	\$ 26,368 - - - - 2,411 \$ 28,779	\$ 99,390 1,559 20,703 26,733 26,733 \$175,118
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll taxes payable State taxes payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 32,777 13,701 2,020 48,498	\$ - - 26,733 26,733	\$ - - - -	\$ 32,777 13,701 2,020 26,733 75,231
Fund balances - Unreserved, undesignated Total liabilities and fund balances	71,108 \$119,606	\$ 26,733	28,779 \$ 28,779	99,887 \$175,118

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2010

Total fund balances for governmental funds at December 31, 2010

\$ 99,887

Cost of capital assets at December 31, 2010 Less: Accumulated depreciation \$1,110,618

(417,606)

693,012

Total net assets of governmental activities at December 31, 2010

\$792,899

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	General	Title IV-D	Worthless Check	Totals
Revenues:		(<u> </u>		32. 3.4.14.14.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.1
Local -				
Commissions on fines and forfeitures	\$ 156,766	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 156,766
Pre-trial intervention	497,819		1 5 .	497,819
Fees for the collection of worthless checks	-		208,854	208,854
On-behalf payments - Avoyelles Parish Police Jury	264,433	594	=	264,433
Criminal Court Fund Appropriations	114,166	_	=	114,166
Indian gaming revenue	46,586	=	(1 1)	46,586
Intergovernmental agreement	6,600	•	7847	6,600
State - Victim Assistance	30,000	=	-	30,000
Federal -				
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	84,899		-	84,899
Louisiana Dept. of Health and Human Resources	-	312,307	_	312,307
Total revenues	1,230,329	312,307	208,854	1,751,490
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government - judicial				
Salaries and related benefits	792,612	256,260	66,760	1,115,632
Association dues	61,035	1,592	<u> </u>	62,627
Conventions and meetings	23,944	2,881	-	26,825
Miscellaneous	46,085	•	2,870	48,955
Office supplies	21,641	13,955	1,912	37,508
Postage	5,607	2,012	7,094	14,713
Professional services	15,710	8,727	-	24,437
Repairs and maintenance	7,226	-	_	7,226
Restitution payments	185,120	=	119,034	304,154
Supplies	*	245	-	245
Utilities	25,231	6,635		31,866
Total expenditures	1,184,211	292,307	197,670	1,674,188
Excess of revenues over expenditures	46,118	20,000	11,184	77,302
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	20,000	•	_	20,000
Transfers out	-	(20,000)	-	(20,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,000	(20,000)		
Net changes in fund balances	66,118	=	11,184	77,302
Fund balances, beginning	4,990	>==	17,595	22,585
Fund balances, ending	\$ 71,108	\$ -	\$ 28,779	\$ 99,887

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Total net changes in fund balances at December 31, 2010 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$77,302
Less: Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2010. Depreciation expense is not recorded as an expenditure on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances but is on the Statement	
of Activities.	(25,888)
Total changes in net assets at December 31, 2010 per Statement of Activities	\$51,414

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities December 31, 2010

ASSETS

Cash \$25,201

LIABILITIES

Due to other governmental agencies \$25,201

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the District Attorney of the Twelfth Judicial District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsection of this note.

Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513 and to the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governments.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As provided by Article V, Section 26 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the District Attorney of the Twelfth Judicial District (District Attorney), has charge of every criminal prosecution by the state in his district, is the representative of the state before the grand jury in his district, and is the legal advisor to the grand jury. He performs other duties as provided by law. The District Attorney is elected by the qualified electors of the judicial district for a term of six years. The judicial district encompasses Avoyelles Parish, Louisiana.

These financial statements only include funds and activities that are controlled by the District Attorney as an independently elected parish official. Based on the criteria established by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, the District Attorney is a component unit of the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury, primary government (Police Jury). The District Attorney is fiscally dependent on the Police Jury since the Police Jury pays certain salaries and operating expenditures of the District Attorney. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the District Attorney and do not present information on the Police Jury, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the Police Jury financial reporting entity.

The District Attorney of the Twelfth Judicial District is a part of the district court system of the State of Louisiana. However, the state statutes that created District Attorneys also give District Attorneys control over all their operations. This includes the hiring and retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds. Other than salaries and certain operating expenditures of the District Attorney's office that are paid by the Police Jury as required by Louisiana law, the District Attorney is financially independent and operates autonomously from the State of Louisiana and independently from the district court system.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, which are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District Attorney's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the District Attorney are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the District Attorney are classified as governmental. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type: and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at lease 5 percent of the corresponding totals for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

All funds of the District Attorney are considered to be major funds and are described below:

Governmental Funds -

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District Attorney. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Title IV-D

The Title IV-D Fund is used to account for funds received from the Louisiana Department of Health and Human Resources.

Worthless Check Collection Fee Fund -

The Worthless Check Fund is used to account for fees collected from individuals for writing worthless checks.

Fiduciary Fund -

Agency Fund

The Agency Fund is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. The agency fund is used to account for assets that the District Attorney holds for others in an agency capacity. The District Attorney's agency fund is the Asset Forfeiture Fund.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net assets and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net assets. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues are classified by source and expenditures are classified by function and character. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District Attorney's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Program revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District Attorney's citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District Attorney's general revenues.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash, interest-bearing deposits, and investments

For purposes of the statement of net assets, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the District Attorney.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, occasional transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net assets.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include grant revenue, incentive payments, and commissions from fines and interest.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The District Attorney maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Equipment	5-10 years
Building and improvements	39 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Compensated Absences

Vacation and sick leave are recorded as expenditures of the period in which paid. Vacation must be taken in the year accrued and cannot be carried over. Sick leave is accumulated by employees at a rate of one day per calendar month of employment and may not exceed twenty days. Although sick leave is available for employees when needed, it does not vest nor is it payable at termination of employment. Therefore, no liability has been recorded in the accounts as of December 31, 2010.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated.

E. Expenditures and Transfers

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified by character. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

F. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

A budget for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds was prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally prepared or amended by the District Attorney. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the District Attorney may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The District Attorney may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At December 31, 2010, the District Attorney had cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$124,591 as follows:

	Gov	ernmental	F	iduciary		
	A	ctivities	,	Funds		Total
Cash	\$	69,390	\$	25,201	\$	94,591
Interest-bearing deposits		30,000		-	1	30,000
Total	\$	99,390	\$	25,201	\$	124,591

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District Attorney's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the District Attorney or the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at December 31, 2010, were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Bank balances	\$ 156,235
Federal deposit insurance	\$ 156,235

(3) Due from Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governmental units at December 31, 2010 consisted of the following:

State of Louisiana for Title IV-D for incentive payments

\$ 26,733

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(4) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2010 was as follows:

	Balance 01/01/10	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/10
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 76,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76,500
Other capital assets:				
Building and improvements	856,486	-	-	856,486
Furniture and equipment	177,632	-	_	177,632
Total	1,110,618	-		1,110,618
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	220,433	21,961	=	242,394
Furniture and equipment	171,285	3,927	-	175,212
Total	391,718	25,888	-	417,606
Net capital assets	\$ 718,900	\$ (25,888)	\$	\$ 693,012

Depreciation expense of \$25,888 was charged to the general government function.

(5) Changes in Agency Fund Balances

A summary of changes in agency fund unsettled deposits follows:

	Unsettled			Unsettled
	Deposits			Deposits
	at Beginning			at End
	of Year	Additions	Reductions	of Year
Agency Fund:				
Asset Forfeiture Fund	\$ 22,811	\$ 38,326	\$ 35,936	\$ 25,201

(6) <u>Retirement Systems</u>

The District Attorney participates in two cost-sharing multiple-employer, public employee retirement systems (PERS): Parochial Employees Retirement System of Louisiana and District Attorneys Retirement System. Each system is administered and controlled by a separate board of trustees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

A. Parochial Employees Retirement System of Louisiana

The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits under the system are established and amended by Louisiana state statutes. A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information may be obtained by writing to the Parochial Employees' Retirement System, P.O. Box 14619, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898-4619, or by calling (504) 928-1361.

All permanent employees working at least 28 hours per week who are paid wholly or in part from parish funds and all elected parish officials are eligible to participate in the system. Under Plan A, employees who retire at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with at least 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with at least 30 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 percent of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service. However, for those employees who were members of the supplemental plan only before January 1, 1980. the benefit is equal to one percent of final average salary plus \$24 for each year of supplemental-plan-only service earned before January 1, 1980. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The system also provides death and disability benefits, Benefits are established by state statute.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.0 percent of their annual covered salary and the District Attorney is required to contribute at the statutory rate of 10.00 percent of the annual covered payroll. The District Attorney's contributions to the system for the year ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$46,399, \$27,707, and \$24,372 respectively, which was equal to the required contribution for each year.

B. District Attorneys Retirement System

The district attorney and assistant district attorneys are members of the Louisiana District Attorneys Retirement System (System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

Assistant district attorneys who earn, as a minimum, the amount paid by the state for assistant district attorneys and are under the age of 60 at the time of original employment and all district attorneys are required to participate in the System. For members who joined the System before July 1, 1990, and who elected not to be covered by the new provisions, the following applies: Any member with 23 or more years of creditable service regardless of age may retire with a 3% benefit reduction for each year below age 55, provided that no reduction is applied if the member has 30 or more years of service. Any member with at least 18 years of service may retire at age 55 with a 3% benefit reduction for each year below age 60. In addition, any

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

member with at least 10 years of service may retire at age 60 with a 3% benefit reduction for each year retiring below the age of 62. The retirement benefit is equal to 3% of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of his membership service, not to exceed 100% of his average final compensation.

For members who joined the System after July 1, 1990, or who elected to be covered by the new provisions the following applies: Members are eligible to receive normal retirement benefits if they are age 60 and have 10 years of service credit, are age 55 and have 24 years of service credit, or have 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 3.5% of the member's final-average compensation multiplied by years of membership service. A member is eligible for early retirement if he is age 55 and has 18 years of service credit. The early retirement benefit is equal to the normal retirement benefit reduced 3% for each year the member retires in advance of normal retirement age. Benefits may not exceed 100% of average final compensation. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana District Attorneys Retirement System, 2109 Decatur Street, New Orleans, Louisiana 70116-2091, or by calling (504) 947-5551.

Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 7.0% of their annual covered salary and the district attorney is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate was 5.0% from January 1 to June 30 and 9.00% from July 1 to December 31 of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the System also include .2% of the ad valorem taxes collected throughout the state and revenue sharing funds as appropriated by the legislature. The contribution requirements of plan members and the district attorney are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by R.S. 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The employee contributions to the System for the years ending December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$22,322, \$21,257, and \$21,804, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year. The employer contributions to the System for the years ending December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$22,291, \$7,570, and \$-0-, respectively, which was equal to the required contributions for each year.

(7) Litigation

At December 31, 2010, there is no litigation pending against the District Attorney.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(8) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The following individual fund had excess of expenditures over appropriations as follows:

			Unfavorable
	Budget	Actual	<u>Variance</u>
General Fund	\$ 1,156,780	\$ 1,184,211	\$ (27,431)

(9) Risk Management

The District Attorney is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of health care, general liability, property hazards and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage the past three years.

(10) Subsequent Events Review

The District Attorney has evaluated subsequent events through June 24, 2011, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	P	Y		Variance with Final Budget	
•	Budget		Actual	Positive	
Revenues:	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
The state of the s					
Local -	0 167 000	A 167 000	D 156766	e (10.004)	
Commissions on fines and forfeitures	\$ 167,000	\$ 167,000	\$ 156,766	\$ (10,234)	
Pre-trial intervention	451,445	530,463	497,819	(32,644)	
On-behalf payments - Avoyelles Parish Police Jury		252,670	264,433	11,763	
Criminal Court Fund Appropriations	56,000	56,000	114,166	58,166	
Indian gaming revenue	52,000	52,000	46,586	(5,414)	
Intergovernmental agreement	7,500	7,500	6,600	(900)	
Miscellaneous	7,500	14,100	29,060	14,960	
State -					
Victim Assistance	25,000	25,000	30,000	5,000	
Federal -					
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	81,500	81,500	84,899	3,399	
Total revenues	1,100,615	1,186,233	1,230,329	44,096	
Expenditures:	i.				
Current -					
General government-Judicial:					
Salaries and related benefits	648,136	774,250	792,612	(18,362)	
Association dues	36,044	59,620	61,035	(1,415)	
Conventions and meetings	38,649	23,390	23,944	(554)	
Miscellaneous	26,933	45,020	46,085	(1,065)	
Office supplies	37,060	21,140	21,641	(501)	
Postage	3,202	5,480	5,607	(127)	
Professional services	20,330	15,345	15,710	(365)	
Repairs and maintenance	3,215	7,060	7,226	(166)	
Restitution payments	181,445	180,830	185,120	(4,290)	
Utilities	25,526	24,645	25,231	(586)	
Total expenditures	1,020,540	1,156,780	1,184,211	(27,431)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	80,075	29,453	46,118	16,665	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	(20,000	20,000	
Net change in fund balance	80,075	29,453	66,118	36,665	
Fund balance, beginning	4,990	4,990	4,990	-	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 85,065	\$ 34,443	\$ 71,108	\$ 36,665	

Title IV-D Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Rue	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Federal -				
Louisiana Department of Health and				
Human Resources grant	\$ 292,500	\$ 312,750	\$312,307	\$ (443)
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government - Judicial:	8.72		2 - 2	
Salaries and related benefits	248,028	256,650	256,260	390
Association dues	1,972	1,595	1,592	3
Conventions and meetings	3,828	2,885	2,881	4
Office supplies	3,986	13,975	13,955	20
Postage	2,471	2,015	2,012	3
Professional services	2,447	8,740	8,727	13
Supplies	6,011	245	245	-
Utilities	23,757	6,645	6,635	10
Total general government	292,500	292,750	292,307	443
Excess of revenues over expenditures	- 0	20,000	20,000	-
Other financing uses:				
Transfers out	-	(20,000)	(20,000)	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, beginning	-		-	
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Worthless Check Collection Fee Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

					ance with
	-	■Presence San		Final Budget	
	Budget		v.A. 200000000.4	Positive	
42	Original	Final	Actual	<u>(No</u>	egative)
Revenues:	tonor lastes and a wikeyes, refer		10.12c. 10.00 (10.10c. 10.10c.	1.0907	
Fees for collection of worthless checks	\$ 237,010	\$200,000	\$208,854	\$	8,854
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government - Judicial:					
Salaries and related benefits	61,403	67,545	66,760		785
Restitution payments	157,010	120,440	119,034		1,406
Bank charges	149	-	190		-
Miscellaneous	5,761	2,900	2,870		30
Office supplies	2	1,935	1,912		23
Postage	7,143	7,180	7,094		86
Professional services	1,498	₩X.	-		-
Supplies	1,061	H			
Total general government	_234,027	_200,000	197,670		2,330
Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,983	-	11,184		11,184
Fund balance, beginning	17,595	17,595	17,595	-	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 20,578	\$ 17,595	\$ 28,779	<u>\$</u>	11,184

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE

AND

OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, CHAMPAGNE, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
ON OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Charles A. Riddle, III District Attorney of the Twelfth Judicial District Avoyelles Parish, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major funds of the District Attorney of the Twelfth Judicial District, Avoyelles Parish, Louisiana, a component unit of the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the District Attorney's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District Attorney's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the District Attorney, others within the organization, and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. Also, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Marksville, Louisiana June 24, 2011

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

		Name of	Contact Person
			Corrective Action Planned
	Corrective	Action	Taken
			Description of finding
Fiscal Year	Finding	Initially	Occurred
			ef. No.

Anticipated Completion Date

CURRENT YEAR (12/31/10) --

Compliance and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no findings required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

PRIOR YEAR (12/31/09) --

There were no findings required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.